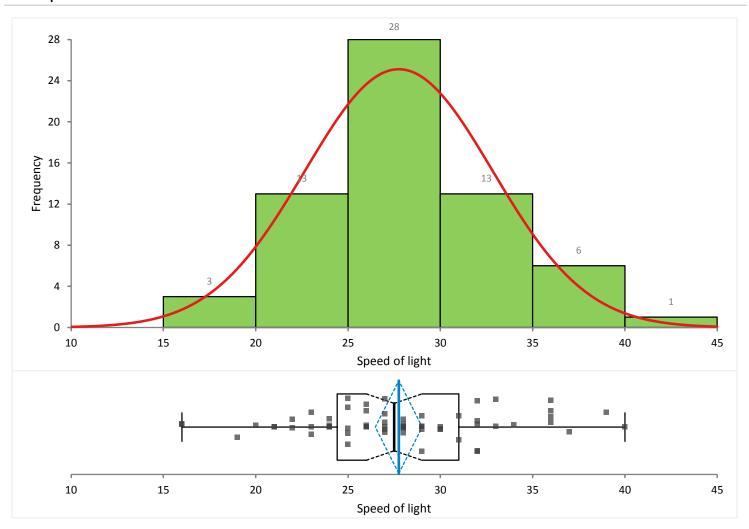
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Descriptives



N	64					
	Mean	Mean SE	SD	Variance	Skewness	Kurtosis
Speed of light	27.8	0.64	5.1	25.8	0.2	0.15
	Minimum	1st quartile	Median	3rd quartile	Maximum	IQR
Speed of light	16	24.4	27.5	31.0	40	6.6

Quantile	Speed of light
0.100	21.8
0.200	24.0
0.300	25.0
0.400	26.1
0.500	27.5
0.600	28.0
0.700	30.0
0.800	32.0
0.900	36.0

Distribution: Speed of light

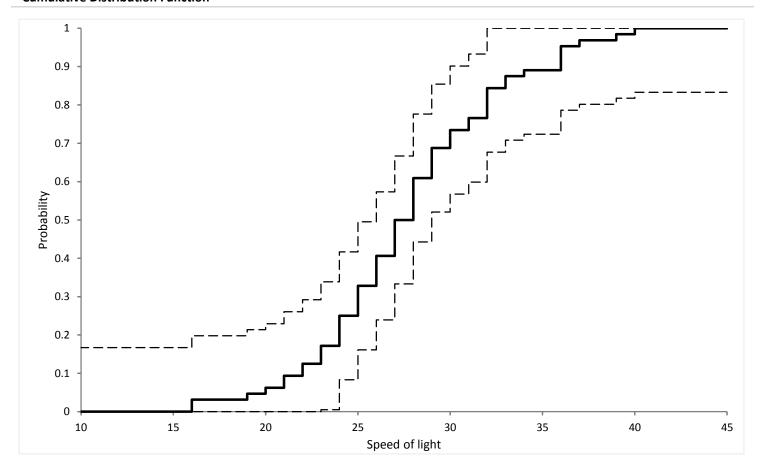
Data A1:A67

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Frequency Distribution

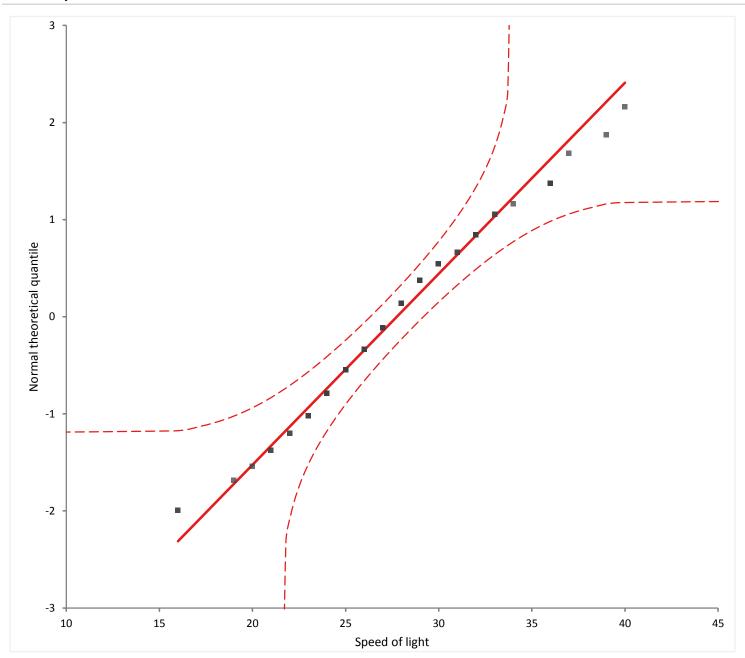
					Cumulative
		Relative		Cumulative	relative
Class	Frequency	frequency	Density	frequency	frequency
≥15 to <20	3	0.047	0.0094	3	0.047
≥20 to <25	13	0.203	0.0406	16	0.250
≥25 to <30	28	0.438	0.0875	44	0.688
≥30 to <35	13	0.203	0.0406	57	0.891
≥35 to <40	6	0.094	0.0188	63	0.984
≥40 to <45	1	0.016	0.0031	64	1.000

Cumulative Distribution Function



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Normality



Shapiro-Wilk test

W statistic 0.98 p-value 0.60821

H0: $F(Y) = N(\mu, \sigma)$

The distribution of the population is normal with unspecified mean and standard deviation.

H1: $F(Y) \neq N(\mu, \sigma)$

The distribution of the population is not normal.

¹ Do not reject the null hypothesis at the 10% significance level.

Distribution: Speed of light

Data A1:A67

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■ Analyse-it v4.60

Location

Mean 95% CI	27.8
95% CI	26.5 to 29.0
SE	0.64

Student's t test

Hypothesized value	29.97
t statistic DF p-value	63

H0: μ = 29.97

The mean of the population is equal to 29.97.

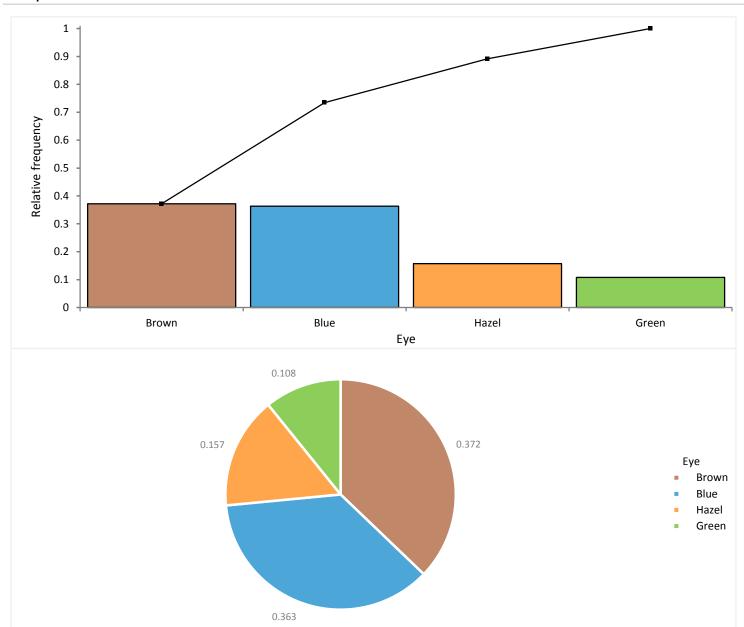
H1: µ ≠ 29.97

The mean of the population is not equal to 29.97.

¹ Reject the null hypothesis in favour of the alternative hypothesis at the 10% significance level.

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Frequencies



N	592		
		Relative	
Eye	Frequency	frequency	
Brown	220	0.372	
Blue	215	0.363	
Hazel	93	0.157	
Green	64	0.108	

Hair -Eye Color

http://www.datavis.ca/papers/asa92.html

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Proportions / Odds

Pearson's chi-squared test

		Hypothesized
Category	Proportion	proportion
Blue	0.363	0.286
Brown	0.372	0.429
Green	0.108	0.143
Hazel	0.157	0.143
X ² statistic	22.76	
DF	3	
Asymptotic p-value	<0.0001	L

H0: π_i = Hypothesized π_i , for all i

The proportion of occurrences of events in the population the sample represents are equal to the hypothesized proportions.

H1: $\pi_i \neq$ Hypothesized π_i , for at least one i

The proportion of occurrences of the events in the population the sample represent are not equal to the hypothesized proportions.

¹ Reject the null hypothesis in favour of the alternative hypothesis at the 5% significance level.